# **GAME-ON'2003 FINAL PROGRAMME**

Overhead and LCD Projector are standard The underlined authors are usually the presenters. Papers in grey boxes are candidates for the best paper award Conference Site: IEE Headquarters Savoy Place London , United Kingdom

# Wednesday, November 19, 2003

08.45 - 17.00	Registration at IEE Savoy Place
09.00 - 09.15	Welcome: ROOM A Welcome Address Quasim Mehdi, Wolverhampton University, Wolverhampton, UK Norman Gough, Wolverhampton University, Wolverhampton, UK Philippe Geril, University of Ghent, Belgium
09.15 - 10.00	Session I: ROOM A
	KEYNOTE SPEAKER
09.15-10.00	Session Chairperson: Quasim Mehdi, Wolverhampton University, Wolverhampton, UK
	<b>KEYNOTE: GAME-40</b> <b>Working at Thinking About Playing or A year in the life of a Games AI</b> <b>Programmer</b> <u>S. L. Tomlinson</u> , Andrew Davies and Stephane Assadourian (Warthog Plc)5
10.00 - 10.30	Coffee/Tea Break
10.30 - 12.30	Session II: ROOM A
	DEVELOPMENTS IN GAMES
10.30-12.30	Session Chairperson: Stéphane Natkin, CNAM, Paris.
	GAME-30 A DSP-Based 3-D Sound Synthesis System for Moving Sound Images Kosuke Tsujino Atsuhito Shigiya, <u>Yukihiro Nakamura</u> , Tomonori Izumi, Takao Onoye and Wataru Kobayashi

# WEDNESDAY, NOV 19

	GAME-34
	A Review of Eye-Tracking and Usability in Computer Games
	Michael Allen, Norman Gough, Quasim Mehdi and Brian Wink26
	GAME-42
	An Actor Architecture to Develop Games for Blind Children
	Cyrille Bertelle, Antoine Dutot, <u>Sylvain Lerebourg</u> , Damien Olivier and Guil- laume Prevost
	GAME-26
	<b>Emergent Modelling of Physics for Games Development</b>
	Lubo Jankovic
	GAME-19
	Rapid Application Development of Games for Undergraduate and Postgraduate Projects Using DirectX
	Stuart Slater
12.30 - 13.30	Lunch
13.30 - 15.00	Session III: ROOM A
S	STORYTELLING AND NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING
13.30-15.00	Session Chairperson:
	Stefan M. Grünvogel, Academy of Media Arts, Cologne, Germany
	GAME-2
	A Multiplayer Case Based Story Engine
	Chris R. Fairclough and Pádraig Cunningham
	GAME-11
	Mimicry: Another Approach for Interactive Comedy
	Ruck Thawonmas, Hiroki Hassaku, and Keisuke Tanaka47
	GAME-35
	An Inference Methodology for Reasoning About Visual Information for a
	Virtual Environment

Xin Zeng, Quasim Mehdi andNorman Gough......53

15.00 - 15.30 **Coffee/Tea Break** 

## WEDNESDAY, NOV 19

15.30 -	17.30	Session	IV:	<b>ROOM A</b>

#### GAMES ENGINES, MODELLING AND ANIMATION

# 15.30-17.30Session Chairperson:<br/>Richard Cant, The Nottingham Trent University, UK

GAME-9 Animating 9-Link Brachiation with Heuristic Control Zheng Zhang and <u>Tony Chan</u>......61

### GAME-13

**Real-Time Motion Generation Based on Marionette Metaphor Using Two Analog Joysticks** Koji Chadou, <u>Yoshihiro Okada, Koichi Nijima</u>......69

## GAME-17

### **FREE EVENING**

# Thursday, November 20, 2003

08.30 - 11.00	Registration at IEE Savoy Place
09.15-10.00	Session V: ROOM A
	KEYNOTE SPEAKER
09.15-10.00	Session Chairperson: Norman Gough, Wolverhampton University, Wolverhampton, UK
	<b>KEYNOTE: GAME-37</b> <b>Computer Games: A Paradigm for New Media and Arts in the XXI Century</b> <u>Stéphane Natkin</u> , CNAM, Paris13
10.00 - 10.30	Coffee/Tea Break
10.30- 12.30 Sessi	on VI: ROOM A
	LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES
10.30-12.30-	Session Chairperson: Lubo Jankovic, InteSys Ltd/ University of Birmingham, UK
	GAME-8 On-Line Adaptation of Game Opponent AI in Simulation and in Practice Pieter Spronck, Ida Sprinkhuizen-Kuyper and Eric Postma93
	GAME-14 Anticipating Opponent Behaviour Using Sequential Prediction and Real- Time Fuzzy Rule Learning Pedro Demasi and Adriano J. de O. Cruz101
	GAME-44 Learning of AI Players From Game Observation Data Stephen J. McGlinchey
	GAME-6 A Web-Based Game for Supporting Game-Based Learning O. Dziabenko, M. Pivec, C. Bouras, <u>V. Igglesis</u> , V. Kapoulas and I. Misedakis. 
	GAME-5 Combining Self Organizing Maps and Multilayer Perceptrons to Learn Bot Behavior for a Commercial Game <u>C. Thurau</u> , C. Bauckhage, and G. Sagerer119

## **THURSDAY, NOV 20**

### PARALLEL SESSIONS

5

13.30 - 15.00	Parallel Session VII: ROOM A
	AGENT ONTOLOGY AND ARCHITECTURE
13.30-15.00	Session Chairperson:
	Leon Rothkrantz, University of Delft, The Netherlands
	GAME-36
	Ontology for Perception in Cognitive Agents and Synthetic Environments
	Hussam. Suliman, Quasim Mehdi and Norman Gough127
	GAME-3
	Multi-Agent Based Modelling: from Social Simulation to Real Time Strat- egy Games
	Marco Remondino
	GAME-16
	MHiCS, a Modular and Hierarchical Classifier Systems Architecture for
	Bots
	Gabriel Robert and <u>Agnès Guillot</u> <b>140</b>
	14.30-15.00

# **EUROSIS MEETING: ROOM A- ALL WELCOME**

# Session Chairperson:

Philippe Geril, EUROSIS, Ghent University

This meeting is intended to introduce and discuss the European Simulation Society and to report on recent developments for the Digital Games Rseearch Network of Excellence.

## 13.30 15.00 Parallel Session VIII: ROOM B

### **3D GRAPHICS**

# 13.30-15.00Session Chairperson:<br/>Stéphane Natkin, CNAM, Paris, France

GAME-48 Current Depth of Field Algorithms and Techniques for Games

Daniel Rhodes, Richard Cant and David Al-Dabass......147

## GAME-12

**3D Scene Generation System and Its Intuitive Interface** Yoshiaki Akazawa, <u>Yoshihiro Okada</u> and <u>Koichi Niijima</u> ......**152** 

# **THURSDAY, NOV 20**

GAME-33	
A New Depth of Field Algorithm With Applications to Games	
Daniel Rhodes, Richard Cant and David Al-Dabass	157

15.00 - 15.30	Coffee /Tea Break
15.30 -17.30	Session IX: ROOM A
	AGENT BEHAVIOURS
15.30-17.30	Session Chairperson: David Al-Dabass, The Nottingham Trent University, Nottingham, UK
	GAME-1
	Behaviour Selection Using Neural Networks
	Paul Thompson165
	GAME-18
	Automatic Acquisition of Actions for Animated Agents
	Adam Szarowicz,, Marek Mittmann, Paolo Remagnino and Jaroslaw Fran-
	cik170
	GAME-45
	A Model for Creativity in Creature Generation
	Paulo Ribeiro, Francisco Pereira, Bruno Marques, Bruno Leitão and Amílcar
	Cardoso175
	GAME-47
	A System for Creating Simple Character Behaviours
	Stefan M. Grünvogel and Stephan Schwichtenberg

# 19.30 for 20.00 - CONFERENCE DINNER

The MAWAL Lebanese Restaurant located at 65A EDGWARE ROAD, LONDON W2 2HZ. Tel: 020 7262 7262



Dress informal. We will go as a group from 2 different locations. The IEE & the Marble Arch underground Station at the corner of Oxford Street & Edgware Road.

# Friday, November 21, 2003

- 08.30 11.00 Registration at IEE Savoy Place
- 09.00 10.30 Session X: ROOM A

# ALGORITHMS FOR ROUTING AND FLIGHT SIMULATION

7

#### 09.00-10.30

Session Chairperson:

Leon Rothkrantz, University of Delft, The Metherlands

#### GAME-39

#### GAME-46

Fast Marching and Fast Driving: Combining Off-Line Search and Reactive A.I.Daniel Livingstone and Robert McDowell197

GAME-15 A Rule Based and Probabilistic System for a Situation Recognition in a Flight Simulator Patrick A.M. Ehlert, Quint M. Mouthaan and Leon J.M. Rothkrantz......201

10.30-11.00 Coffee/Tea Break

#### PARALLEL SESSIONS

11.00 - 12.30 Parallel Session XI – ROOM A

# **APPLICATIONS I: MOBILE AND WIRELESS GAMES**

# 11.00-12.30Session Chairperson:<br/>David Al-Babass, The Nottingham Trent University, UK

#### GAME-10

# FRIDAY, NOV 21

#### 8

			าว
A	M	Н	11
Ur		<u> </u>	40

A Generic Architectu	re for Multiplat	form Wireless	Game Develo	pment
Alexandre Damasceno,	Börje Karlsson,	Danielle Rousy	y D. da Silva	219

#### GAME-24

Game Design for Wireless Devices Börje Karlsson, Danielle Rousy D. da Silva and Alexandre Damasceno......222

#### **GAME-27**

Computer Vision Based Interaction Techniques for Mobile Games Christian Reimann, <u>Volker Paelke</u> and Dirk Stichling......227

### 11.00 - 12.30 Parallel Session XII – ROOM B

## **APPLICATIONS II: GAME OF GO**

# **11.00-12.30**Session Chairperson:<br/>Pieter Spronck, University of Maastricht, The Netherlands

#### GAME-43

Genetic Search Techniques for Line Play Generation in the Game of GO Julian Churchill, Richard Cant and <u>David Al-Dabass</u>......233

### GAME-41

A general Framework for Vision Based Interactive Board Games Jinchang Ren, Peter Astheimer and <u>Ian Marshall</u>.....**238** 

#### GAME-20

12.30 - 12.45 Session XIII

## **CLOSING SESSION AND BEST PAPER AWARD**

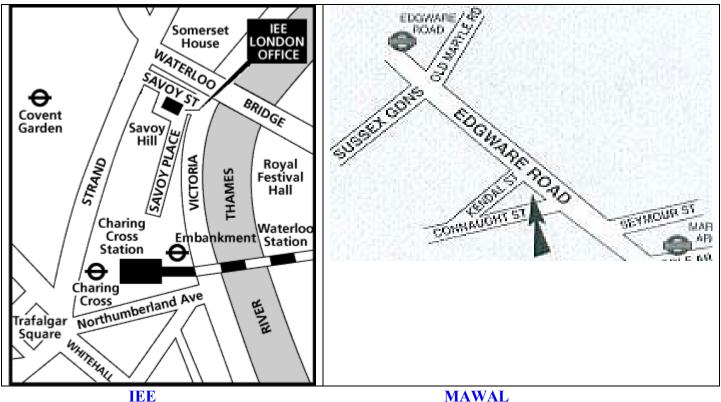
12.30-12.45Quasim Mehdi, General Conference Organiser<br/>Norman Gough, General Programme Chair<br/>Philippe Geril, EUROSIS

# Friday, November 21 2003 afternoon

Trip on the Thames and visit to the Maritime Museum and Greenwich Observatory

**Departure at 13.30 from Savoy Place** 

# MAPS



MAWAL

# **Conference Keynote**

# Working at Thinking about Playing Or A year in the life of a Games Al Programmer S. L. Tomlinson, Warthog plc.

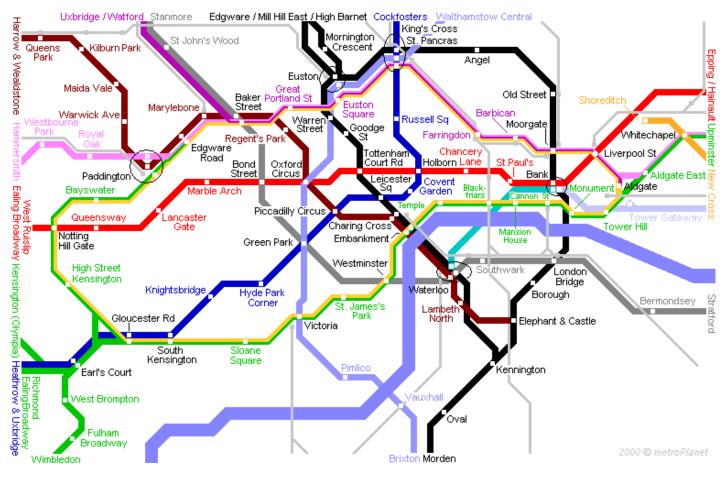
As an AI programmer working in the Games industry I have recently been asked to advise on Games courses at a local University. It was then that I started to realise that the non-games industry AI practitioner may have a very different perspective to one working on Games projects. This paper therefore looks at some of the typical tasks a working AI programmer may be involved with. What kind of technology do we use, and what to we not use, and why? It is primarily directed at a student audience, although others may also find it interesting.

The first thing to understand is that an AI programmer in a typical UK games company does not spend much of his/her time actually doing AI. On a typical project an AI programmer will often also be involved with core maths, collision physics, vehicle dynamics and animation systems, as well as simply getting the AI objects to think. This will be illustrated with a case study of the authors personal experience on Mace Griffin: Bounty Hunter. The situation is changing though. As the games' buyer becomes more technologically aware and demands more immersive experiences (and therefore more complex games) programming teams are getting larger, and individuals more specialised. But for the same reason the way AI is dealt with is changing. Many projects now have a significant number of 'designers' who are responsible for building and balancing the game levels. Thus the AI programmer must provide an increasing level of access to his system. The boundary between what is in-game AI and what is scripted can vary enormously across the industry and between game genres. A first person shooter for example may be heavily story-lined and require a large amount of scripting. In a formula 1 racing game the AI may still be more autonomous, but needs to appear more realistic on the track.

As well as a general 'day in the life' component, this paper will look at a number of more detailed cases to illustrate some of the technical tricks of the trade. On earlier consoles a lot of behaviour was dealt with using "smoke and mirrors"; it may have looked clever but was actually very simple. This theme is still relevant today however, since it allows us to fit more into the still limited AI budget. This leads to questions: can we cut corners on our path-finding for example? Often the problem is not to find the best solution to a problem, but rather and adequate solution that still looks good in the game. Writing the AI to optimise execution performance is also an important tool in maximising the players experience and so will be discussed, including platform specific and non-platform specific code design tips. There will also be a general look at how games are structured and how this affects the AI programmer.

The paper will conclude by discussing sources of material and advice, with a brief look at one of the most important issues for any programmer working in the Games Industry – how to secure an endless supply of Pizza ! This will be followed by ample time for questions and discussion.

# LONDON UNDERGROUND



NOTES

